XO Shipping A/S

Tuborg Havnevej 18, st., DK-2900 Hellerup

Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2020

CVR No 33 08 02 12

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 21/4 2021

Kent Hedegaard Chairman of the General Meeting



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Management's Statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of XO Shipping A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements and the Consolidated Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2020 of the Company and the Group and of the results of the Company and Group operations and cash flows for 2020.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Hellerup, 21 April 2021

Executive Board

Kim Holberg Pihl Alexander Sillehoved

Board of Directors

Kent Hedegaard Christian Philip Levin Erik Svanberg Chairman



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of XO Shipping A/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and the Parent Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Group's and the Parent Company's operations and cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements of XO Shipping A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, cash flow statement and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies, for both the Group and the Parent Company ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financials Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent company



Independent Auditor's Report

financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's and the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions



Independent Auditor's Report

may cause the Group and the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 21 April 2021 **PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31*

Flemming Eghoff statsautoriseret revisor mne30221 Mark Philip Beer statsautoriseret revisor mne29472



Company Information

The Company XO Shipping A/S

Tuborg Havnevej 18, st. DK-2900 Hellerup

CVR No: 33 08 02 12

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December

Incorporated: 19 August 2010 Financial year: 10th financial year Municipality of reg. office: Gentofte

Board of Directors Kent Hedegaard, Chairman

Christian Philip Levin

Erik Svanberg

Executive Board Kim Holberg Pihl

Alexander Sillehoved

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Strandvejen 44 DK-2900 Hellerup

Bankers Jyske Bank

Strandvejen 104A 2900 Hellerup



Financial Highlights

Seen over a five-year period, the development of the Group is described by the following financial highlights:

	Group				
•	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
•	kUSD	kUSD	kUSD	kUSD	kUSD
Key figures					
Profit/loss					
Revenue	232,853	199,315	170,971	116,629	111,900
Operating profit/loss	9,355	5,880	446	4,357	-3,865
Profit/loss before financial income and					
expenses	9,503	6,028	712	4,940	-3,446
Net financials	129	-285	-354	-261	-31
Net profit/loss for the year	7,104	4,610	144	4,236	-2,935
Dividend	2,000	0	0	1,301	0
Balance sheet					
Balance sheet total	33,553	30,992	13,540	24,422	14,343
Equity	15,104	4,841	231	1,387	-2,849
Equity and subordinate loan capital	15,104	10,341	5,731	8,798	4,635
Cash flows					
Cash flows from:					
- operating activities	11,282	6,781	-1,739	7,855	-7,269
- investing activities	22	-33	0	3	20
including investment in property, plant and					
equipment	22	-33	0	3	-3
- financing activities	-2,291	-10	-4,052	-1,346	-81
Change in cash and cash equivalents for the					
year	9,014	6,737	-5,791	6,512	-7,330
Number of employees	20	19	17	16	15
Ratios					
Gross margin	7.0%	4.4%	1.9%	6.5%	-779.6%
Profit margin	4.1%	3.0%	0.4%	4.2%	-3.1%
Return on assets	28.3%	19.5%	5.3%	20.2%	-24.0%
Solvency ratio	45.0%	15.6%	1.7%	5.7%	-19.9%
Solvency ratio inclusive subordinate loan					
capital	46.3%	33.6%	42.3%	36.0%	32.3%

For definitions, see under accounting policies.



Key activities

The company's purpose is to operate shipping services and related activities.

Development in the year

The result for 2020 is very satisfactory and exceeds the expectations.

The company's income statement for 2020 shows a profit of kUSD 7.104 after tax, in fact the best result realized since the company's founding almost 10 years ago. The profit development has been supported by a dedicated effort by the employees throughout the year, which enables the company to pay out large bonuses in accordance with the bonus program introduced for 2020, same which is included in the net profit after tax.

The company's balance sheet on December 31, 2020, shows an equity at kUSD 15.104, a strong solvency of 46% achieved by the result and supplemented by the shareholders' capital increase earlier in the year.

Special risks - operating risks and financial risks

Market risks

Revenues from the shipping operations are linked to global market trends, which through demand fluctuations affect freight rates as well as prices of tonnage and fuel. Management continuously assesses the extent to which it is relevant to take measures against these market fluctuations.

International provisions imply that in case of a maritime accident that results in oil or chemical spillage, the Group will be imposed heavy financial liabilities in terms of the clean-up work. To reduce this risk, the widest possible insurance coverage has been taken out, comprising environmental and pollution coverage, coverage of the value of vessel and cargo, viability coverage as regards third parties and war risk insurance.

Foreign exchange risks

Most of the income from shipping activities is in USD included operational expenses as well as financial expenses being in USD, and administrational expenses being in USD and DKK.

Interest rate risks

The interest rate risk on loans is limited.



Statement in compliance with section 99(a) of the Danish Financial Statements Act

The Group is under the Danish financial statements act required to report on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR). The values and the approach to do business has always been based on responsibility and accountability, and the Group is compliant with all legal requirements within the areas of climate change, environment, human rights, employee conditions and anti-corruption.

Strategy and objectives

Business model

The main activities within the Group contains shipping and includes Bulk operating up to 50 short-term chartered vessels from external suppliers. This operation is carried out from the offices in Copenhagen and Geneva by 20 staff in total.

The main part of the technical management (crewing, maintenance, control of costs) is outsourced to external suppliers.

Contracting with suppliers of vessels follows the standard contractual terms provided by the international shipping organization BIMCO. To the extend it has been incorporated into the standard terms, this includes clauses on CSR. The Group select suppliers based on experience and informal expectations and requirements related to energy efficiency and legal compliance. All chartered vessels undergo inspection from relevant authorities, hereunder also the International Transport Worker's Federation, ITF.

The Group acknowledges the importance of being alert to challenges within climate change, environment, human rights, employee conditions and anti-corruption, but being a relatively small organization, The Group do not see the need of formalizing its management approach into written policies and procedures. The management approach is very agile and allows for all within the organization to address top management directly with questions and when in need of approval.



Assessment of risks

Climate change and the environment

It is the ambition to continuously improve energy efficiency with all vessels. Consequently, The Group is always inquiring about energy efficiency when engaging a supplier including contractual terms ensuring the supplier vessel is compliant with low-sulfur bunker regulation.

However, as the fuel consumption is the only material impact, we may influence, and since the number of transactions are limited, the Group do not see risks material enough to require a formalized policy.

Human rights

The Group respects and recognizes human rights, the rights of the child and all International Labor Organization (ILO) charters. With its current business model we only to a limited extend employ crew on the vessels. All technical management is handled by service providers including ensuring that crew are paid and taken care of in accordance with relevant legislation and standards. When selecting a supplier, it is contractually ensured that the responsibility of work and employment conditions belong to the supplier and that the ITF are granted access to check and review compliance in accordance with international agreements. Consequently, we do not see risks leading to a need for a formalized policy on human rights.

Anti-corruption

The Group has a zero tolerance towards corruption and bribery practices.

Contracts with both customers and suppliers follow the standards provided by BIMCO. Port costs forwarded by chartered vessels that are to be paid by XO Shipping undergo quality assurance and approval from an external service provider, which know all official rates in ports. Further, all costs related to voyages are approved directly by management applying a four eye principle, so the risks related to corruption and bribery are considered very low. Taking into consideration the very small organization, there is no need for a formalized policy on anti-corruption.



Policies on CSR

Referencing the above assessment and evaluation of risks related to CSR, the Group has decided not to author formalized policies for impacts related to climate change, environmental issues, human rights and anti-corruption.

Policy regarding employees

It is the policy to enable XO Shipping to attract, retain and evolve the best possible employees, meaning employees that are highly qualified and motivated to successfully manage present and future assignments.

Activities and results

XO Shipping believe that personal development is key to the success and well-being of the company's employees.

In 2020, annual meetings have been held with all employees where the performance of the individual was assessed and evaluated and where targets for 2020 were decided in agreement with the employee

XO Shipping has ensured paid health insurance for all employees and has in 2020 continued its offer for employees to be able to work from home, in the light of Corvid 19 and to provide grounds for a healthy work life balance.

Research and development

The Group is not involved in research and development activities.

Intellectual capital resources

Through retention and recruitment of new competences, as well as through cooperation, alliances and education, the intellectual capital resources which are major parameters in the development and perfection of new services increase.

The Group has defined goals, positions and strategies that systematically strengthen the value creation and form the basis of the Group's innovative skills, just as it is important to the future success of the Group to attract and retain well-educated employees who identify with the stated core values. Therefore, investments are made to continuously improve the qualifications of the staff.

Annual performance reviews are held with all employees where goals, plans and career opportunities are discussed and planned.



Statement in compliance with section 99(b) of the Danish Financial Statements Act

There are no women in the current board because no women have been nominated and elected to the board.

Policy to increase gender diversity on management levels

The goal is by 2027 that the company will meet the gender distribution of 33%.

Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

Recognition and measurement in the Annual Report have not been subject to any uncertainty.

Subsequent events

In the beginning of 2021 XO Shipping A/S has succeeded in maintaining the same high level of activity as realized in 2020. Operations are not directly affected by Covid 19 in 2021 as the market has become accustomed to new normal. It is management's expectation that XO Shipping A/S should be able to realize approximately the same result for 2021 as realized for 2020.

The high level of activity continues to place demands on the company's capital base, and the shareholders have therefore agreed that only a moderate dividend will be paid out at the annual general meeting.

It is an objective for the management and shareholders of XO Shipping A/S to share its profits with the employees who create the results, which is why we maintain an attractive bonus program for all employees and thus have the best basis for continued growth.

No circumstances have occurred after the balance sheet date that have a material impact on the assessment of the annual report



Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

		Group		Parent Company	
	Note	2020	2019	2020	2019
		USD	USD	USD	USD
Revenue	1	232,853,236	199,314,805	211,306,420	191,307,277
Other operating income Expenses for raw materials and		148,930	148,621	358,483	148,621
consumables		-215,406,503	-189,720,235	-196,783,771	-182,121,655
Other external expenses		-1,269,976	-1,038,513	-1,244,337	-1,005,091
Gross profit/loss		16,325,687	8,704,678	13,636,795	8,329,152
Staff expenses Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and	2	-6,819,777	-2,647,743	-6,027,985	-2,635,702
property, plant and equipment	3	-2,437	-28,477	-2,437	-28,477
Profit/loss before financial income					
and expenses		9,503,473	6,028,458	7,606,373	5,664,973
Results from investments in					
subsidiaries		0	0	1,451,263	366,393
Financial income	4	344,561	16,265	247,599	12,753
Financial expenses	5	-215,751	-301,431	-215,701	-301,120
Profit/loss before tax		9,632,283	5,743,292	9,089,534	5,742,999
Tax on profit/loss for the year	6	-2,528,187	-1,132,944	-1,985,438	-1,132,651
Net profit/loss for the year		7,104,096	4,610,348	7,104,096	4,610,348



Balance Sheet 31 December

Assets

		Group		Parent Company		
	Note	2020	2019	2020	2019	
		USD	USD	USD	USD	
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and						
equipment		0	12,437	0	12,437	
Property, plant and equipment	7	0	12,437	0	12,437	
Investments in subsidiaries	8	0	0	1,558,364	107,101	
Investments in associates	9	49,488	49,488	0	0	
Fixed asset investments		49,488	49,488	1,558,364	107,101	
Fixed assets		49,488	61,925	1,558,364	119,538	
Inventories		4,944,000	7,723,446	4,944,000	7,295,552	
Trade receivables		5,573,711	9,011,461	5,350,597	8,576,458	
Receivables from group enterprises		0	0	193,196	394,353	
Other receivables		507,274	1,170,286	506,958	1,129,721	
Prepayments	10	3,597,253	3,156,605	3,597,080	3,100,524	
Receivables		9,678,238	13,338,352	9,647,831	13,201,056	
Cash at bank and in hand		18,881,769	9,868,087	15,937,412	9,761,546	
Currents assets		33,504,007	30,929,885	30,529,243	30,258,154	
Assets		33,553,495	30,991,810	32,087,607	30,377,692	



Balance Sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

		Group		Parent Company	
	Note	2020	2019	2020	2019
		USD	USD	USD	USD
Share capital	11	8,000,000	86,520	8,000,000	86,520
Reserve for net revaluation under th	е				
equity method		0	0	1,457,327	6,064
Retained earnings		5,104,096	4,754,510	3,646,769	4,748,446
Proposed dividend for the year		2,000,000	0	2,000,000	0
Equity		15,104,096	4,841,030	15,104,096	4,841,030
Subordinate loan capital		0	5,500,000	0	5,500,000
Trade payables		8,286,614	10,426,145	8,252,076	9,871,123
Payables to associates		50,440	0	50,440	0
Corporation tax		1,812,477	225,578	1,270,477	225,578
Other payables		4,903,653	1,221,968	4,056,184	1,162,872
Deferred income	13	3,396,215	8,777,089	3,354,334	8,777,089
Short-term debt		18,449,399	26,150,780	16,983,511	25,536,662
Debt		18,449,399	26,150,780	16,983,511	25,536,662
Liabilities and equity		33,553,495	30,991,810	32,087,607	30,377,692
Distribution of profit	12				
Contingent assets, liabilities and					
other financial obligations	16				
Fee to auditors appointed at the					
general meeting	17				
Accounting Policies	18				



Statement of Changes in Equity

Group	Share capital USD	Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method	Retained earnings USD	Proposed dividend for the year	Total USD
Equity at 1 January	86,520	0	4,754,510	0	4,841,030
Capital increase	3,158,970	0	0	0	3,158,970
Bonus shares	4,754,510	0	-4,754,510	0	0
Net profit/loss for the year	0	0	5,104,096	2,000,000	7,104,096
Equity at 31 December	8,000,000		5,104,096	2,000,000	15,104,096
Parent Company					
Equity at 1 January	86,520	6,064	4,748,446	0	4,841,030
Capital increase	3,158,970	0	0	0	3,158,970
Bonus shares	4,754,510	0	-4,754,510	0	0
Net profit/loss for the year	0	1,451,263	3,652,833	2,000,000	7,104,096
Equity at 31 December	8,000,000	1,457,327	3,646,769	2,000,000	15,104,096



Cash Flow Statement 1 January - 31 December

		Group		Parent Company		
	Note	2020	2019	2020	2019	
		USD	USD	USD	USD	
Net profit/loss for the year		7,104,096	4,610,348	7,104,096	4,610,348	
Adjustments	14	2,389,499	1,446,587	492,399	1,083,102	
Change in working capital	15	2,600,838	2,016,118	1,756,287	2,677,999	
Cash flows from operating activities before financial incom-	e					
and expenses		12,094,433	8,073,053	9,352,782	8,371,449	
Financial income		344,562	16,265	247,599	12,753	
Financial expenses	_	-215,750	-301,432	-215,701	-301,120	
Cash flows from ordinary activit	ies	12,223,245	7,787,886	9,384,680	8,083,082	
Corporation tax paid		-941,288	-1,006,842	-940,539	-1,006,549	
Cash flows from operating						
activities		11,281,957	6,781,044	8,444,141	7,076,533	
Sale/purchase of property, plant ar	nd					
equipment		22,315	-33,351	22,315	-33,351	
Cash flows from investing						
activities		22,315	-33,351	22,315	-33,351	



Pengestrømsopgørelse 1. januar - 31. december

	Note	2020	2019	2020	2019
		USD	USD	USD	USD
Repayment of payables to group					
enterprises		0	-10,224	0	-10,224
Repayment of payables to					
associates		50,440	0	50,440	0
Repaid subordinate loan capital		-5,500,000	0	-5,500,000	0
Cash capital increase		3,158,970	0	3,158,970	0
Cash flows from financing					
activities		-2,290,590	-10,224	-2,290,590	-10,224
Change in cash and cash equivalents		9,013,682	6,737,469	6,175,866	7,032,958
Cash and cash equivalents at 1					
January		9,868,087	3,130,618	9,761,546	2,728,588
Cash and cash equivalents at 31					
December		18,881,769	9,868,087	15,937,412	9,761,546
Cash and cash equivalents are specified as follows:					
Cash at bank and in hand		18,881,769	9,868,087	15,937,412	9,761,546
Cash and cash equivalents at 31					
December		18,881,769	9,868,087	15,937,412	9,761,546



		Group		Parent Company	
		2020	2019	2020	2019
1	Revenue	USD	USD	USD	USD
	Geographical segments				
	Globally	232,853,236	199,314,805	211,306,420	191,307,277
		232,853,236	199,314,805	211,306,420	191,307,277
2	Staff expenses				
	Wages and salaries	6,649,457	2,537,098	5,857,665	2,525,057
	Pensions	43,457	63,097	43,457	63,097
	Other social security expenses	19,852	19,377	19,852	19,377
	Other staff expenses	107,011	28,171	107,011	28,171
		6,819,777	2,647,743	6,027,985	2,635,702
	Including remuneration to the Executive Board and Board of Directors of: Executive Board	513,534	504,000	513,534	504,000
	Board of Directors	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000
	board of bilectors	528,534	519,000	528,534	519,000
	Average number of employees	20	19	20	19
					
3	Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment				
	Depreciation of property, plant and	0.407	00.477	0.407	00.477
	equipment	2,437	28,477	2,437	28,477
		2,437	28,477	2,437	28,477



		Grou	0	Parent Company	
		2020	2019	2020	2019
4	Financial income	USD	USD	USD	USD
	Interest received from group				
	enterprises	0	20	0	20
	Other financial income	252,466	16,245	247,599	12,733
	Exchange gains	92,095	0	0	0
	-	344,561	16,265	247,599	12,753
5	Financial expenses				
	Interest paid to group enterprises	0	95,105	0	95,105
	Interest paid to associates	85,819	131,915	85,819	131,915
	Other financial expenses	65,496	75,155	65,446	75,155
	Exchange loss	64,436	-744	64,436	-1,055
	-	215,751	301,431	215,701	301,120
6	Tax on profit/loss for the year				
	Current tax for the year	2,832,749	1,200,293	2,290,000	1,200,000
	Adjustment of tax concerning previous	204 562	67.240	204 562	67 240
	years -	-304,562	-67,349	-304,562	-67,349
	<u>-</u>	2,528,187	1,132,944	1,985,438	1,132,651



7 Property, plant and equipment

Group	
	Other fixtures
	and fittings,
	tools and
	equipment
	USD
Cost at 1 January	305,117
Disposals for the year	-33,351
Cost at 31 December	271,766
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January	292,680
Depreciation for the year	2,437
Reversal of impairment and depreciation of sold assets	-23,351
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December	271,766
Carrying amount at 31 December	0
Parent Company	
	Other fixtures
	and fittings,
	tools and
	equipment
	USD
Cost at 1 January	305,117
Disposals for the year	-33,351
Kostpris at 31 December	271,766
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January	292,680
Depreciation for the year	2,437
Reversal of impairment and depreciation of sold assets	-23,351
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December	271,766
Carrying amount at 31 December	0



		Parent Company		
	•	2020	2019	
Investments in subsidiaries	•	USD	USD	
Cost at 1 January		101,037	101,037	
Cost at 31 December		101,037	101,037	
Value adjustments at 1 January		6,064	-360,329	
Net profit/loss for the year		1,451,263	366,393	
Value adjustments at 31 December		1,457,327	6,064	
Carrying amount at 31 December		1,558,364	107,10	
Investments in subsidiaries are specified as follows:				
	Place of		Votes and	
Name	registered office	Share capital	ownership	
XO Shipping SA	Schweitz	101.037	100%	



		Group		Parent Company	
		2020	2019	2020	2019
9	Investments in associates	USD	USD	USD	USD
	Cost at 1 January	49,488	49,488	0	0
	Carrying amount at 31 December	49,488	49,488	0	0

Investments in associates are specified as follows:

	Place of registered	t	Votes and	
Name	office	Share capital	ownership	
	Rue Du Mont-Blan	Rue Du Mont-Blanc 7,		
Maxo Shipping SA	1201 Geneva	CHF 100.000	49%	

All foreign associates are recognised and measured as separate entities.

10 Prepayments

Prepayments consist of prepaid expenses concerning T/C hire.

11 Equity

The share capital consists of 53,018,400 shares of a nominal value of DKK 1. No shares carry any special rights.

The share capital has developed as follows:

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
_	USD	USD	USD	USD	USD
Share capital at 1 January	86,520	86,520	86,520	86,520	86,520
Capital increase	7,913,480	0	0	0	0
Capital decrease	0	0	0	0	0
Share capital at 31					
December	8,000,000	86,520	86,520	86,520	86,520



		Parent Company		
		2020	2019	
12	Distribution of profit	USD	USD	
	Proposed dividend for the year	2,000,000	0	
	Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method	1,451,263	6,064	
	Retained earnings	3,652,833	4,604,284	
		7,104,096	4,610,348	

13 Deferred income

Deferred income consist of accrued income etc.

		Group		Parent Company	
		2020	2019	2020	2019
	Cool Cool Statement	USD	USD	USD	USD
14	Cash flow statement -				
	adjustments				
	Financial income	-344,561	-16,265	-247,599	-12,753
	Financial expenses	215,751	301,431	215,701	301,120
	Depreciation, amortisation and				
	impairment losses	-9,878	28,477	-9,878	28,477
	Results from investments in				
	subsidiaries	0	0	-1,451,263	-366,393
	Tax on profit/loss for the year	2,528,187	1,132,944	1,985,438	1,132,651
		2,389,499	1,446,587	492,399	1,083,102
15	Cash flow statement - change				
	in working capital				
	Change in inventories	2,779,444	-6,396,441	2,351,551	-5,968,548
	Change in receivables	3,660,115	-4,265,640	3,553,226	-3,437,443
	Change in trade payables, etc	-3,838,721	12,678,199	-4,148,490	12,083,990
		2,600,838	2,016,118	1,756,287	2,677,999



		Group		Parent Company	
		2020	2019	2020	2019
16	Contingent assets, liabilities and	other financial	usd obligations	USD	USD
	Charges and security				
	The following assets have been placed as	security with banke	rs:		
	Floating charge kUSD	5,613	2,500	5,613	2,500
	The following assets have been placed as	security with suppli	er etc.:		
	Cash at bank and in hand kUSD	1,314	341	1,314	341
	Contingent liabilities				
	The company has intered into				
	agreements for chartering ships on				
	Timer Charterbasis to muturity during				
	the year 2021. The aggregate lease				
	obligation amounts to kUSD	22,699	28,798	22,699	28,798
	The companys rent obligation and				
	lease liability 31/12 2020 to kUSD	61	59	61	59
17	Fee to auditors appointed at the g	general meeting			
	PricewaterhouseCoopers				
	Audit fee	33,070	25,190	28,700	25,190
	Tax advisory services	5,000	4,900	5,000	4,900
	Other services	21,930	11,937	21,930	7,800
		60,000	42,027	55,630	37,890



18 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of XO Shipping A/S for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to large enterprises of reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

Consolidated and Parent Company Financial Statements for 2020 are presented in USD. Exchange rate 31 December 2020, 6,0576 and 31 December 2019, 6,6759

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

US Dollar is used as the measurement currency. All other currencies are regarded as foreign currencies.

Basis of consolidation

The Consolidated Financial Statements comprise the Parent Company, XO Shipping A/S, and subsidiaries in which the Parent Company directly or indirectly holds more than 50% of the votes or in which the Parent Company, through share ownership or otherwise, exercises control.

On consolidation, items of a uniform nature are combined. Elimination is made of intercompany income and expenses, shareholdings, dividends and accounts as well as of realised and unrealised profits and losses on transactions between the consolidated enterprises.

The Parent Company's investments in the consolidated subsidiaries are set off against the Parent Company's share of the net asset value of subsidiaries stated at the time of consolidation.



18 Accounting Policies (continued)

Leases

All leases are considered operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised in the balance sheet at cost and are subsequently remeasured at their fair values. Positive and negative fair values of derivative financial instruments are classified as "Other receivables" and "Other payables", respectively.

Changes in the fair values of derivative financial instruments are recognised in the income statement.

Revenue

Information on geographical segments based on the Group's risks and returns and its internal financial reporting system.

Income Statement

Revenue

Revenue that includes freight and charterincome etc., are recognized in the Income Statement, when the voyage is completed. This is considered to be casem when the voyage is completed before the end of the financial year. Ongoing voyages are recognized as the voyage are executed, then the revenue are equal to the acitivity in the financial year.



18 Accounting Policies (continued)

Running cost, bunkers etc.

Running cost, bunkers etc. comprise the raw materials and consumables consumed to achieve revenue for the year.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for premesis, office expenses, administrations cost etc.

Staff expenses

Staff expenses comprise wages and salaries as well as payroll expenses.

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise amortisation, depreciation of property, plant and equipment.

Other operating income and expenses

Other operating income and other operating expenses comprise items of a secondary nature to the main activities of the Group.

Income from investments in subsidiaries and associates

Dividends from associates are recognised as income in the income statement when adopted at the General Meeting of the associate. However, dividends relating to earnings in the associate before it was acquired by the Parent Company are set off against the cost of the associate.

The item "Income from investments in subsidiaries" in the income statement includes the proportionate share of the profit for the year.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.



18 Accounting Policies (continued)

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

Corporationtax for shipping operations are calculated based on Tonnage Tax rules. Of other income, tax is calculated in accordance with the Corporation Tax Act rules.

Balance Sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and less any accumulated impairment losses.

Cost comprises the cost of acquisition and expenses directly related to the acquisition up until the time when the asset is ready for use.

Depreciation based on cost reduced by any residual value is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets, which are:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 5 years

The fixed assets' residual values are determined at nil.

Depreciation period and residual value are reassessed annually.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment are reviewed on an annual basis to determine whether there is any indication of impairment other than that expressed by amortisation and depreciation.

If so, the asset is written down to its lower recoverable amount.

Investments in subsidiaries and associates

Investments in associates are measured at cost. Where cost exceeds the recoverable amount, write-down is made to this lower value.

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised and measured under the equity method.



18 Accounting Policies (continued)

The item"Investments in subsidiaries" in the balance sheet include the proportionate ownership share of the net asset value of the enterprises calculated on the basis of the fair values of identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition with deduction or addition of unrealised intercompany profits or losses.

The total net revaluation of investments in subsidiaries is transferred upon distribution of profit to "Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method" under equity. The reserve is reduced by dividend distributed to the Parent Company and adjusted for other equity movements in the subsidiaries.

Subsidiaries with a negative net asset value are recognised at USD o. Any legal or constructive obligation of the Parent Company to cover the negative balance of the enterprise is recognised in provisions.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost under the FIFO method and net realisable value.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepaid expenses concerning T/C.

Dividend

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate equity item.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.



18 Accounting Policies (continued)

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

Deferred income

Deferred income and accruals comprises ongoing voyages.

Cash Flow Statement

The cash flow statement shows the Group's and the Parent Company's cash flows for the year broken down by operating, investing and financing activities, changes for the year in cash and cash equivalents as well as the Group's and the Parent Company's cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and end of the year.

Cash flows from operating activities

Cash flows from operating activities are calculated as the net profit/loss for the year adjusted for changes in working capital and non-cash operating items such as depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses, and provisions. Working capital comprises current assets less short-term debt excluding items included in cash and cash equivalents.

Cash flows from investing activities

Cash flows from investing activities comprise cash flows from acquisitions and disposals of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment as well as fixed asset investments.

Cash flows from financing activities

Cash flows from financing activities comprise cash flows from the raising and repayment of long-term debt as well as payments to and from shareholders.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise "Cash at bank and in hand".



18 Accounting Policies (continued)

The cash flow statement cannot be immediately derived from the published financial records.

Financial Highlights

Explanation of financial ratios

Gross margin Gross profit x 100

Revenue

Profit margin Profit before financials x 100

Revenue

Return on assets Profit before financials x 100

Total assets

Solvency ratio Equity at year end x 100

Total assets at year end

Solvency ratio inclusive subordinate loan

capital

(Equity at year end + subordinate loan at year end) x 100

Total assets at year end

